

HUGHES WOULD HAVE AVERTED LUSITANIA LOSS

Nominee Says Warning Should Have Been Sent to Kaiser

HECKLER GETS ANSWER

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 13.—Charles E. Hughes, before a great audience, declared unequivocally that he would have broken off diplomatic relations with Germany when the Lusitania was sunk if he had been President.

He made this declaration in impassioned tones in answer to Democratic heckler, who had been shouting in the crowd:

"I would have had the State Department, at the very beginning of the Administration, so equipped as to command the respect of the world, that I would have had to the crowd, and I would have had to show that our words meant peace and good will, and the protection of all events, of the lives and property of American citizens, and that when I said 'strict accountability' every nation would have known that that was meant, and that when notice was published with respect to the action (the action threatened) I would have made it known, in terms unequivocal and unmistakable, that we should not tolerate a continuance of friendly relations through the ordinary diplomatic channels if that action were taken; and the Lusitania would never have been sunk."

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Last night was the first time that Mr. Hughes made any direct statement concerning his attitude toward Germany if he had been in the Executive chair when the Lusitania was sunk. Here is an exact transcript of the incident:

A voice: "Justice Hughes, just a moment, please permit a respectful interruption. What would you have done—(Cries of 'Put him out!')

"Please permit the question to be asked," said Mr. Hughes. "I do not want any one else off from a courteous question. Go on. Please ask your question." (Cries of "Go on, you boob!")

A voice: "I ask, I trust respectfully—(Cries of 'Put him out!')

"Please let the question be asked!" shouted Mr. Hughes, "I desire this question to be asked. Please ask it."

A voice: "I ask you with all the respect that I know, what you would have done when the Lusitania was sunk—see if you can answer this?"

"I will answer this now. Permit me to answer it, permit me to answer it!" shouted Mr. Hughes.

REPLY STIRS GREAT THROG

Mr. Hughes then made his reply as quoted above.

The crowd was on its feet like a flash following a demand that the speaker be put out of the building. There was a tumult of cheering for Mr. Hughes and shouts of "You're right" and "That's what we would have done!" Mr. Hughes waved his hands high above his head to quiet the crowd, but it was some time before he could continue. It was one of the most dramatic scenes of the entire campaign. It was evident that Mr. Hughes was thoroughly stirred by the attitude of the hecklers.

Mr. Hughes had been stirred earlier in the evening, when a man in the throng shouted, "How about the two-cent case?" He answered, "I vetoed that, sir, because it was legislation passed without obtaining the facts."

The meeting here was one of the most demonstrative the candidate has faced. The streets were ablaze with red fire and fireworks.

ATTACKS THE "NEW FREEDOM"

Mr. Hughes closed his campaign to win Kentucky by selecting the Democratic campaign slogan of the "new freedom" as the text of a vigorous attack upon the policies of President Wilson. He charged that the President had introduced into the Government the "new slavery," and presented his plans to uphold such an assertion in biting phrases. The campaign today was spectacular, exciting and even dangerous in the extreme.

Mr. Hughes spoke in six towns to audiences that came miles to hear him. They came down from the mountains, men and women, on foot, on horseback and on muleback. Some of the mounts had saddles, some had horns, and many of the women who came to hear him wore their traditional sunbonnets and smoked their clay pipes as he talked. At several stops the speaker's special train was backed down a steep track and he spoke to audiences in open fields. They sat on their horses and mules and in their farm wagons to listen. Some brought their families along, and there were several hundred children, including babies in their mothers' arms, in each of these crowds.

HUGHES INVADERS MISSOURI; CONFIDENT OF CARRYING STATE

Encouraged by Louisville's Approval of His Bold Utterances There

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 13.—Charles E. Hughes swung into Democratic Missouri today confident of making enough votes to carry the "show me" State in November. Western Republican managers have expressed great confidence at the chances for their ticket carrying in the State, and Hughes planned two red-hot speeches—in Springfield late this afternoon and at Joplin tonight—to carry convincingly the doctrine of Republicanism.

From now on Hughes plans freely to discuss what he would have done were he President. The meeting in Louisville last night "took the lid off" the question of the Lusitania issue. It forced Hughes' hand to a certain extent. He had planned to wait until it was certain that the U.S. and the complexities of the bringing of the Lusitania warfare to American shores had been disposed of before striking out on the question of how he would have handled the Lusitania issue. But his interrupter at Louisville last night forced earlier answer to the question.

Members of the immediate party today were jubilant over the tremendous response which Louisville accorded his answer. The candidate has announced very few stops on all his campaign trips which would be such a whole-hearted reception as that at the Kentucky city last night—a crowd which appreciated the fact that, although "heckled," the Republican struck much stronger than the hit which his questioner aimed at him. Police were powerless to handle the crowd, and there were numerous comments among Kentucky Republicans that the Democratic administration at Louisville provided only two policemen—scarcely hopeful against the mob which surrounded the hall—to afford protection to the speaker and Mrs. Hughes. Mrs. Hughes got lost from her husband in the mob, and some with her had literally to help their way to the platform, shielding her as much as possible from the enormous crowd.

Mr. Hughes hoped to start much today, having a party of this between speeches. Yesterday's program in Kentucky probably would have tomorrow in Nashville.

PRESIDENT DENOUNCES REPUBLICAN REVIVAL OF SECTIONAL FEELING

Wilson, Addressing Good Roads Meeting in Indianapolis, Criticizes Bringing Up of Old Issue

LIBERTY IS PARAMOUNT

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 13.—President Wilson replied to the Republican charge that the Democratic party is a sectional party with the statement that "any man who revives the issue of sectionalism in this country is unworthy of the confidence of the nation."

The President came to Indianapolis to address meetings of good roads advocates and farmers, review an automobile parade celebrating "Good Roads Day" of the Indiana Centennial and attend a nonpartisan luncheon of Indianans.

The President left yesterday afternoon for Long Branch, N. J., where he will arrive this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

President Wilson in his good roads speech, after speaking of the building of the nation together by means of communication, said: "Sectionalism is based upon the radical danger of every nation, namely, ignorance. The only thing that breeds darkness in the world is ignorance. The only thing that really blinds us is not knowing what we are talking about. The only thing that binds a nation together is the knowledge of its several parts of each other."

My fellow citizens, I need not tell you that I do not come here to talk politics, but there is one thing that is pertinent in this connection which I cannot deny myself the privilege of saying. Any man who revives the issue of sectionalism in this country is unworthy of the confidence of the nation. And that is my interest in good roads, for, my fellow citizens, my pres-

ent interest is chiefly in the nationalization of America. We have created a great people. At least, if I may put it so, we have brought together all the elements, all the component parts, all the necessary characters and industries and material resources of a great nation. And we suddenly find that we are face to face with the problem of assembling these elements in the sense in which the mechanic assembles the parts of a machine. And having assembled those elements, to put them together for the creation of one unconquerable force to which the world shall hereafter look for its example in the practice of liberty.

KELLER SAYS RIDDER HINTED HE'D WRITE HUGHES SPEECH

State Senator Admits, However, He Can't Quote Language

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13.—State Senator Kent E. Keller, of Illinois, who is here campaigning for President Wilson, issued a statement in which he said he had called at the office of Bernard Ridder in New York in September and met Victor Ridder. Mr. Keller says that they talked by going to say something on that subject of what Charles E. Hughes might say to "show sympathy to Germany." The statement continues:

"Victor Ridder said Mr. Hughes was real and that it would be acceptable to Mr. Ridder and his ultra-German friends, and it would be acceptable because, as he broadly hinted, he was going to write it himself. I went to my hotel and wrote out the salient points of it to Mr. Hapgood. I do not pretend that I repeated the exact words of Mr. Ridder, but the latter is absolutely true and essentially represents fairly what Mr. Ridder said to me."

"I never invited Mr. Ridder to see the President. I never mentioned the matter to the President at all."

Noted Italian Found Dead

MONTREAL, Oct. 13.—Raphael Verri, president of the Italian Society of Chicago, and said to be rich, was found dead in bed here, strangled by a bathrobe string. He was blind and deaf.

Bank of France Gets \$3,300,000

PARIS, Oct. 13.—Gold to the amount of 18,000,000 francs was received by the Bank of France last week in exchange for paper and bonds. This was three times the average amount received in recent months and is

taken as an indication of the success of the new war loan.

Dredge Worker Killed in Scoop

BODDENTOWN, N. J., Oct. 13.—Frank Durand, thirty-two years of age, of 213

De Lancy street, Philadelphia, employed as a dredger in the Delaware River at Perrywig, near Bordenstown, died at St. Francis Hospital, Trenton, last night. Durand was looking after the engine. He fell into a steel scoop and was crushed.

Turks Repulse Surprise Attack

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 13.—On our left wing in the Caucasus we repulsed a surprise attack," says an official report published here Wednesday.

Mawson & DeMany

1115 Chestnut Street
(Opposite Keith's)

A Real Fur Sale

When Furs Are Needed Most

15 Per Cent Off Marked Prices

We are ready with new garments for a wonderful day's selling. Hundreds of new Scarfs, Sets and Coats have been completed in time for unquestionably the one supreme record day of our October Sale.

Never before in the three-quarters of a century of our experience have we held a pre-season sale with such success.

Our new little - profit - many - sales plan has brought us hundreds of new friends.

We Reserve Your Purchase Upon a Small Deposit or Charge it Subject to Bill of December 1st

The Remainder for Saturday

Flare Hudson Seal Coats

40 inch, with collar and border of skunk or black lynx

97.75

November price will be 115.00

Russian Pony Coats

Beaver or Raccoon Collars

38.75

November Price, 45.00

Hudson Seal Sets

Barrel Muff and Scarf

25.50

November Price, 30.00

French Seal Coats

Skunk Collar

59.50

November Price, 70.00

Black Fox Sets

Animal Scarf and Barrel Muff

26.75

November Price, 31.50

Skunk Sets

Barrel Muff and Smart Scarf

27.75

November Price, 32.50

Leopard Coats

Badger Collar and Cuffs

136.00

November Price, 160.00

Persian Lamb Coats

Skunk or Persian Collars

144.50

November Price, 170.00

Moleskin Sets

Barrel Muff and Straight Scarf

63.75

November Price, 75.00

Hudson Seal Coats

6-inch Skunk Border and Collar

161.50

November Price, 190.00

Kamchatka Blue Fox Sets

Barrel Muff and Scarf

63.75

November Price, 75.00



Fur Sets

November Regular Price	October Sale Price
37.50	Black Fox 31.88
40.00	Beaver 34.00
50.00	Natural Raccoon 42.50
55.00	Red Fox 46.75
75.00	Battleship Grey Fox 63.75
80.00	Black Lynx 68.00
100.00	Dyed Blue Fox 85.00
110.00	Fisher 93.50
110.00	Slate Fox 94.50
110.00	Cross Fox 94.50

Fur Coats

November Regular Price	October Sale Price
80.00	Natural Muskrat Coats 68.00
95.00	Natural Muskrat Coats 80.75
120.00	Hudson Seal Coats 102.00
150.00	Caracul Coats 127.50
190.00	Nutria Coats 161.50
200.00	Sable Squirrel Coats 170.00
300.00	Moleskin Coats 255.00
350.00	Beaver Coats 297.50
475.00	Mink Coat 403.75
600.00	Mink Coat 510.00

Fur Scarfs

November Regular Price	October Sale Price
25.00	Red Fox Scarfs 21.25
30.00	Grey Wolf Scarfs 25.50
30.00	White Fox Scarfs 25.50
30.00	Taupe Wolf Scarfs 25.50
40.00	Dyed Blue Fox Scarfs 34.00
40.00	Kamchatka Blue Fox Scarfs 34.00
45.00	Cross Fox Scarfs 38.25
45.00	Pearl Grey Fox Scarfs 38.25
45.00	White Fox Scarfs 38.25
50.00	Slate Fox Scarfs 42.50

Specialized styles, made in velour and broadcloth and velvet, in tie and broad belt models, ripple cape effects, long waisted types, fur trimmed.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention
Purchasing Agents' Orders Accepted
Furs Repaired and Remodeled

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The Specially Shop of Originations
CHESTNUT AT 13TH STREET
FOR SATURDAY

"Jeunes Filles' Fashions



Typical Modes for the Miss of 14 to 18

Distinctive Types for School and Leisure Hours, for Formal and Informal Wear.

A Distinct Note of the "Different" in Misses' Apparel

Misses' Tailleur Suits

25.00 to 250.00

A most unusual latitude governs the styling of Bonwit Teller suits for misses of 14 to 18—so that each individual young woman may find a model expressive of her particular type and personality.

Misses' COATS & WRAPS

Fashions for misses of 14 to 18 in daytime Coats and evening Wraps and Mantles that strike a sincerely original note in the creation of outer garments for the younger set. Daytime Coats developed in velour, Bolivia, Patagonia, tweed, "Knit Moor" cloth and wool jersey. Evening Coats of chiffon velvet in combination with youthful furs.

20.00 to 185.00

Misses' FROCKS & GOWNS

Unusual trotteur and walking frocks of serge, satin, velvet and wool jersey. Afternoon frocks of Georgette crepe and sinuous silks with all manner of unique features evidenced by Cheval Collars, square medieval necks, round Lombardian necks, great round collars of white broadcloth, draped collars, quaint sleeve and cuffs effects, Russian and Chinese motifs, basque and Puritan bodices; bead, fur and embroidery garniture. Evening frocks for the debutante of rich brocades and metal broches, introducing the latest silhouettes of fashion.

18.50 to 175.00

"Flapper" Apparel

(Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.)

Originated by and exclusive with Bonwit Teller & Co.

For the hard-to-fit girl of 12 to 16

"Flapper" Tailleur Suits

25.00 to 39.75

Thoroughly different and distinctive types of suits, not to be found outside of this establishment, specially designed for girls of 12 to 16 years of age, who have outgrown their years and yet must adhere to a girlish mode in apparel.

"Flapper" Frocks

FOR SCHOOL AND FORMAL WEAR

12.75 to 25.00

Emphasized are little serge frocks with "CHEVAL" collars, serge combined with plaid silks, tunic frocks of serge with Lanvin stitchery, frocks with bead trimming and colored yarn embroidery, basque, cape and surplice effects, crepe de chine vest dresses and coat dresses with under blouses and sleeves of striped challis, straight line plaited types with worsted fringe. And many other original modes.

"Flapper" Coats

FOR SCHOOL AND DRESS OCCASIONS

25.00 to 69.50